

Moveable dwelling tenancy agreement (Form 18b)

Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008



Part 1 Tenancy details

Item 1 **1.1 Lessor**

Name/trading name		
Address		
		Postcode

1.2 Phone Mobile Email

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Item 2 **2.1 Tenant/s**

Tenant 1	Full name/s
Phone	Email

Tenant 2	Full name/s
Phone	Email

Tenant 3	Full name/s
Phone	Email

2.2 Address for service (if different from address of the premises in item 5 and 6) Attach a separate list

Item 3 **3.1 Agent** If applicable. See clause 49

Full name/trading name	
Address	
	Postcode

3.2 Phone Mobile Email

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Item 4 **Notices may be given to**
(Indicate if the email is different from item 1, 2 or 3 above)

4.1 Lessor
Email Yes No Facsimile Yes No

4.2 Tenant/s
Email Yes No Facsimile Yes No

4.3 Agent
Email Yes No Facsimile Yes No

Item 5 **The park** Insert name, address or other description of the moveable dwelling park where the premises or site is.

Item 6 **6.1 Location of the premises or site** Identify where the moveable dwelling is or is intended to be situated, for example, by its site number.

	Postcode
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6.2 The moveable dwelling Describe the moveable dwelling, for example, caravan, site only.



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Item 6 6.3 **Inclusions for the premises.** For example, annexe, furniture or other household goods let with the premises. Attach list if necessary.

Item 7 7.1 The term of the agreement is fixed term agreement periodic agreement

7.2 Starting on 7.3 Ending on

Fixed term agreements only. For continuation of tenancy agreement, see clause 6

Item 8 Rent \$ per week fortnight See clause 8(1) and 17

Item 9 Rent must be paid on the day of each

Insert day. See clause 8(2) Insert week or fortnight

Item 10 Method of rent payment Insert the way the rent must be paid. See clause 8(3)

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Details for direct credit

Bank/building society/credit union

BSB no. Account name

Account no. Payment reference

Item 11 Place of rent payment Insert where the rent must be paid. See clause 8(4) to 8(6)

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Item 12 Rental bond amount \$ See clause 13

Item 13 The services supplied to the premises for which the tenant must pay See clause 16

Electricity Yes No Any other service that a tenant must pay Yes No

Gas Yes No Type

Sewerage Yes No

Item 14 14.1 Are there any rules for the park See clause 22 Yes No

14.2 Has the tenant been given a copy of the park rules See clause 22 Yes No

Item 15 Number of persons allowed to reside at the premises See clause 23

Item 16 16.1 Pets approved Yes No See clause 24(1)

16.2 The types and number of pets that may be kept See clause 24(2)

Type Number Type Number

Item 17 Nominated repairers Insert name and telephone number for each. See clause 32

Electrical repairs	<input type="text"/>	Phone	<input type="text"/>
Plumbing repairs	<input type="text"/>	Phone	<input type="text"/>
Other	<input type="text"/>	Phone	<input type="text"/>

Part 2 Standard Terms

Division 1 Preliminary

1 Interpretation

- (1) In this agreement –
 - (a) a reference to **the premises** includes a reference to any inclusions for the premises stated in this agreement for item 6.3; and
 - (b) a reference to a numbered section is a reference to the section in the Act with that number; and
 - (c) a reference to a numbered item is a reference to the item with that number in part 1; and
 - (d) a reference to a numbered clause is a reference to the clause of this agreement with that number.
- (2) In this agreement, unless the context otherwise requires – **site-only premises** means moveable dwelling premises that consist only of the site where a moveable dwelling is, or is intended to be, situated.

2 Terms of a moveable dwelling tenancy agreement

- (1) This part states, under the *Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 (the Act)*, section 55, the standard terms of a moveable dwelling tenancy agreement.
- (2) The Act also imposes duties on, and gives entitlements to, the lessor and tenant that are taken to be included as terms of this agreement.
- (3) The lessor and tenant may agree on other terms of this agreement (**special terms**).
- (4) If the premises are moveable dwelling premises in a moveable dwelling park stated in this agreement for item 5 (**the park**), any park rules for the time being in force are taken to be terms of this agreement.
- (5) A duty or entitlement under the Act overrides a standard term or special term if the term is inconsistent with the duty or entitlement.
- (6) A standard term overrides a special term if they are inconsistent.

Note – Some breaches of this agreement may also be an offence under the Act, for example, if –

- the lessor or the lessor's agent enters the premises in contravention of the rules of entry under sections 192 to 199; or
- the tenant does not sign and return the condition report to the lessor or the lessor's agent under section 65.

3 More than 1 lessor or tenant

- (1) This clause applies if more than 1 person is named in this agreement for item 1 or 2.
- (2) Each lessor named in this agreement for item 1 must perform all of the lessor's obligations under this agreement.
- (3) Each tenant named in this agreement for item 2 –
 - (a) holds their interest in the tenancy as a tenant in common unless a special term states the tenants are joint tenants; and
 - (b) must perform all the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

Division 2 Period of tenancy

4 Start of tenancy

- (1) The tenancy starts on the day stated in this agreement for item 7.2.
- (2) However, if no day is stated or if the stated day is before the signing of this agreement, the tenancy starts when the tenant is or was given a right to occupy the premises.

5 Entry condition report – s 65

- (1) The lessor must prepare, in the approved form, sign and give the tenant 1 copy of a condition report for the premises.
- (2) The copy must be given to the tenant on or before the day the tenant occupies the premises under this agreement.
- (3) The tenant must mark the copy of the report to show any parts the tenant disagrees with, and sign and return the copy to the lessor not later than 3 days after the later of the following day –
 - (a) the day the tenant is entitled to occupy the premises;
 - (b) the day the tenant is given the copy of the condition report.

Note – A well completed condition report can be very important to help the parties if there is a dispute about the condition of the premises when the tenancy started. For more information about condition reports, see the information statement.

- (4) After the copy of the condition report is returned to the lessor by the tenant, the lessor must copy the condition report and return it to the tenant within 14 days.

6 Continuation of a fixed term agreement – s 70

- (1) This clause applies if –
 - (a) this agreement is a fixed term agreement; and
 - (b) none of the following notices are given, or agreements or applications made before the day the term ends (**the end day**) –
 - (i) a notice to leave;
 - (ii) a notice of intention to leave;
 - (iii) an abandonment termination notice;
 - (iv) a notice, agreement or application relating to the death of a sole tenant under section 277(7);
 - (v) a written agreement between the lessor and tenant to end the agreement.
- (2) This agreement, other than a term about this agreement's term, continues to apply after the end day on the basis that the tenant is holding over under a periodic agreement.

Note – For more information about the notices, see the information statement.

7 Costs apply to early ending of fixed term agreement

- (1) This clause applies if –
 - (a) this agreement is a fixed term agreement; and
 - (b) the tenant terminates it before the term ends in a way not permitted under the Act.
- (2) The tenant must pay the reasonable costs incurred by the lessor in reletting the premises.

Note – For when the tenant may terminate early under the Act, see clause 42 and the information statement. Under section 362, the lessor has a general duty to mitigate (avoid or reduce) the costs.

Division 3 Rent

8 When, how and where rent must be paid – ss 83 and 85

- (1) Subject to clause 17, the tenant must pay the rent stated in this agreement for item 8.
- (2) The rent must be paid at the times stated in this agreement for item 9.
- (3) The rent must be paid –
 - (a) in the way stated in this agreement for item 10; or
 - (b) in the way agreed after the signing of this agreement by –
 - (i) the lessor or tenant giving the other party a notice proposing the way; and
 - (ii) the other party agreeing to the proposal in writing; or
 - (c) if there is no way stated in this agreement for item 10 or no way agreed after the signing of this agreement – in an approved way under section 83(4).

Note – If the way rent is to be paid is another way agreed on by the lessor and tenant under section 83(4)(g), the lessor or the lessor's agent must comply with the obligations under section 84(2).

- (4) The rent must be paid at the place stated in this agreement for item 11.
- (5) However, if, after the signing of this agreement, the lessor gives a notice to the tenant stating a different place for payment and the place is reasonable, the rent must be paid at the place while the notice is in force.
- (6) If no place is stated in this agreement for item 11 and there is no notice stating a place, the rent must be paid at an appropriate place.

Examples of an appropriate place –

- the lessor's address for service
- the lessor's agent's office

9 Rent in advance – s 87

The lessor may require the tenant to pay rent in advance only if the payment is not more than 2 weeks rent.

Note – Under section 87(2), the lessor or the lessor's agent must not require a payment of rent under this agreement in a period for which rent has already been paid.

10 Rent increases – ss 91 and 93

- (1) If the lessor proposes to increase the rent, the lessor must give notice of the proposal to the tenant.
- (2) The notice must state the amount of the increased rent and the day from when it is payable.
- (3) The day stated must not be earlier than the later of the following –
 - (a) 2 months after the notice is given;

- (b) 6 months after the day the existing rent became payable by the tenant.
- (4) Subject to an order of a tribunal, the increased rent is payable from the day stated in the notice, and this agreement is taken to be amended accordingly.
- (5) However, if this agreement is a fixed term agreement, the rent may be increased before the term ends only if a special term –
- provides for a rent increase; and
 - states the amount of the increase or how the amount of the increase is to be worked out.
- (6) A rent increase is payable by the tenant only if the rent is increased under this clause.

11 Application to tribunal about excessive increase – s 92

- (1) If a notice of proposed rent increase is given and the tenant considers the increase is excessive, the tenant may apply to a tribunal for an order setting aside or reducing the increase.
- (2) However, the application must be made –
- within 30 days after the notice is received; and
 - for a fixed term agreement – before the term ends.

12 Rent decreases – s 94

Under section 94, the rent may decrease in certain situations.

Note – For details of the situations, see the information statement.

Division 4 Rental bond

13 Rental bond required – ss 111 and 116

- (1) If a rental bond is stated in this agreement for item 12, the tenant must pay to the lessor or the lessor's agent the rental bond amount –
- if a special term requires the bond to be paid at a stated time – at the stated time; or
 - if a special term requires the bond to be paid by instalments – by instalments; or
 - otherwise – when the tenant signs this agreement.

Note – There is a maximum bond that may be required. See section 146 and the information statement.

- (2) The lessor or the lessor's agent must, within 10 days of receiving the bond or a part of the bond, pay it to the authority and give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about the bond.
- (3) The bond is intended to be available to financially protect the lessor if the tenant breaches this agreement.

Example – The lessor may claim against the bond if the tenant does not leave the premises in the required condition at the end of the tenancy.

Note – For how to apply to the authority or a tribunal for the bond at the end of the tenancy, see the information statement and sections 125 to 141. Delay in applying may mean that payment is made on another application for payment.

14 Increase in bond – s 154

- (1) The tenant must increase the rental bond if –
- the rent increases and the lessor gives notice to the tenant to increase the bond; and
 - the notice is given at least 11 months after –
 - this agreement started; or
 - if the bond has been increased previously by a notice given under this clause – the day stated in the notice, or the last notice, for making the increase.
- (2) The notice must state the increased amount and a day by which the increase must be made.
- (3) For subclause (2), the day must be at least 1 month after the tenant is given the notice.

Division 5 Outgoings

15 Outgoings – s 163

- (1) The lessor must pay all charges, levies, premiums, rates or taxes for the premises, other than a service charge.

Examples – council general rates, sewerage charges, environment levies, land tax

16 Service charges – ss 164 and 167

- (1) The tenant must pay the service charge for a service supplied to the premises during the tenancy if –
- the tenant enjoys or shares the benefit of the service; and
 - the service is stated in this agreement for item 13; and
 - the premises are individually metered for the service.
- (2) However, the tenant is not required to pay an amount for the

service that is more than the amount charged by the relevant supply authority (the supplier) for the service.

- (3) If the supplier charges the tenant directly for the service, the tenant must pay the amount of the charge to the supplier when the amount becomes due.
- (4) If the supplier charges the lessor for the service, the tenant must pay the amount of the charge to the lessor within 1 month of the lessor giving the tenant copies of relevant documents about the incurring of the amount.

17 Services for which rent is attributable that become unavailable – s 168

- (1) This clause applies if –
- the tenant is not required to pay a service charge for a service the tenant enjoys or shares the benefit of; and
 - the service becomes unavailable for use by the tenant because of action taken by the lessor; and
 - the service is a service for which an amount of rent is attributable.
- (2) The rent payable under clause 8 is reduced from the day the service became unavailable.
- (3) The reduction is the amount that reflects the part of the rent that is attributable to the service, either as agreed by the lessor and tenant or, if they do not agree, as decided by a tribunal.
- (4) If the tenant asks the lessor for details of the amount of the rent attributable to service charges for the premises, the lessor must give the tenant a written statement showing –
- each service for which an amount of rent is attributable; and
 - the amount attributed to the service.

Division 6 Rights and obligations concerning the premises during tenancy

Subdivision 1 Occupation and use of premises

18 No legal impediments to occupation – s 181

The lessor must ensure there is no legal impediment to occupation of the premises by the tenant as a residence for the term of the tenancy if, when entering into this agreement, the lessor knew about the impediment or ought reasonably to have known about it.

Examples of possible legal impediments –

- if there is a mortgage over the premises, the lessor might need to obtain approval from the mortgagee before the tenancy can start
- a certificate might be required under the *Building Act 1975* before the premises can lawfully be occupied
- the zoning of the land might prevent use of the land as a moveable dwelling park

19 Vacant possession and quiet enjoyment – ss 182 and 183

- (1) The lessor must ensure the tenant has vacant possession of the premises (other than a part of the premises that the tenant does not have a right to occupy exclusively) on the day the tenant is entitled to occupy the premises under this agreement.

Editor's note – Parts of the premises where the tenant does not have a right to occupy exclusively may be identified in a special term.

- (2) The lessor must take reasonable steps to ensure the tenant has quiet enjoyment of the premises.
- (3) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the premises.

20 Lessor's right to enter the premises – ss 192–199

- (1) The lessor or the lessor's agent may enter the premises during the tenancy only if the obligations under sections 192 to 199 have been complied with.

Note – See the information statement for details.

- (2) The lessor or agent may, under section 193(4), enter the site to carry out maintenance of the site without giving the notice of entry required by section 193(1) if –
- a special term states the frequency with which the entry is required for carrying out the maintenance and the conditions under which the entry may be made; and
 - the entry is made in accordance with the conditions.

Examples of conditions –

- the time and duration of the entry
- the type of maintenance for which the entry is allowed

21 Tenant's use of premises – ss 10 and 184

- (1) The tenant may use the premises only as a place of residence or mainly as a place of residence or for another use allowed under a special term.
- (2) The tenant must not –
 - (a) use the premises for an illegal purpose; or
 - (b) cause a nuisance by the use of the premises; or

Examples of things that may constitute a nuisance –

- using paints or chemicals on the premises that go onto or cause odours on adjoining land or sites
 - causing loud noises
 - allowing large amounts of water to escape onto adjoining land or sites
- (c) interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of a neighbour of the tenant; or
 - (d) allow another person on the premises to interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of a neighbour of the tenant.

22 Park rules – ss 52(3), 68 and 228–236

- (1) This clause applies if the premises are moveable dwelling premises in a moveable dwelling park.
- (2) The lessor must give the tenant a copy of the park rules for the moveable dwelling park when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.
- (3) If a park rule is changed, the lessor must give the tenant a copy of the rule as changed as soon as practicable after the change takes effect.
- (4) If the tenant has been given a copy of the park rules, the tenant must comply with the rules.
- (5) The tenant must comply with a changed park rule if the change has taken effect and the tenant has been given a copy of the rule as changed.

Note – See the information statement and sections 228 to 236 for what park rules may be made about, how they may be changed and when a change takes effect.

23 Number of occupants allowed

No more than the number of persons stated in this agreement for item 15 may reside at the premises.

24 Pets

- (1) The tenant may keep pets on the premises only if this agreement states for item 16.1 that pets are approved.
- (2) If this agreement states for item 16.1 that pets are approved and this agreement states for item 16.2 that only –
 - (a) a particular type of pet may be kept, only that type may be kept; or
 - (b) a particular number of pets may be kept, only that number may be kept; or
 - (c) a particular number of a particular type of pet may be kept, only that number of that type may be kept.

Subdivision 2 Standard of premises

25 Lessor's obligations – ss 185–187

- (1) At the start of the tenancy, the lessor must –
 - (a) if the premises are site-only premises – ensure the premises are clean and a fit site for a moveable dwelling; and
 - (b) if the premises are not site-only premises, ensure –
 - (i) the premises are clean and fit for the tenant to live in and are in good repair; and
 - (ii) the lessor is not in breach of a law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using or entering the premises; and
 - (c) if the premises are moveable dwelling premises in a moveable dwelling park and the lessor is not a home owner for the premises, ensure –
 - (i) the facilities in the moveable dwelling park are clean, fit for the tenant to use and in good repair; and
 - (ii) the lessor is not in breach of a law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using or entering the facilities.
- (2) While the tenancy continues, the lessor must –
 - (a) if the premises are site-only premises – ensure the premises remain a fit site for a moveable dwelling; and

- (b) if the premises are not site-only premises –
 - (i) maintain the premises in good repair and in a way that the premises remain fit for the tenant to live in; and
 - (ii) ensure any law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using or entering the premises is complied with; and
 - (iii) keep any common area included in the premises clean; and
- (c) if the premises are moveable dwelling premises in a moveable dwelling park and the lessor is not a home owner for the premises –
 - (i) keep the facilities in the moveable dwelling park clean; and
 - (ii) maintain the facilities in good repair and in a way that the facilities remain fit for the tenant to use; and
 - (iii) ensure the lessor is not in breach of a law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using the facilities.

Note – For details about the maintenance, see the information statement.

- (3) If the premises are site-only premises, the lessor may, while the tenancy continues, make any improvements to the premises the lessor considers appropriate.
- (4) In this clause – **premises**, other than site-only premises, include any common area available for use by the tenant with the premises.

26 Tenant's obligations – ss 188(2) and (3) and 190

- (1) If the premises are not site-only premises, the tenant –
 - (a) must keep the premises clean, having regard to their condition at the start of the tenancy; and
 - (b) must not maliciously damage, or allow someone else to maliciously damage, the premises.
- (2) If the premises are site-only premises, the tenant must keep the premises in a way that does not detract from the general standards of the moveable dwelling park, or other general area, where the premises are situated.
- (3) The obligation under subclause (2) applies having regard to the condition of the premises at the start of the tenancy and any improvements made later by the lessor.

27 Tenant's obligations for facilities in moveable dwelling park – s 189

- (1) This clause applies only to an agreement for moveable dwelling premises in a moveable dwelling park.
- (2) The tenant must not –
 - (a) do anything to a facility in the park that makes the facility unfit for use or detracts from its appearance; or
 - (b) intentionally or negligently damage a facility in the park.

Subdivision 3 The dwelling

28 Fixtures or structural changes – ss 207–209

- (1) The tenant may attach a fixture, or make a structural change, to the premises only if the lessor agrees to the fixture's attachment or the structural change.

Note – Fixtures are items generally permanently attached to land or to a building that are intended to become part of the land or building. An attachment may include, for example, something glued, nailed or screwed to a wall.

- (2) The lessor's agreement must be written, describe the nature of the fixture or change and include any terms of this agreement.

Examples of terms –

- that the tenant may remove the fixture
 - that the tenant must repair damage caused when removing the fixture
 - that the lessor must pay for the fixture if the tenant can not remove it
- (3) If the lessor does agree, the tenant must comply with the terms of the lessor's agreement.
 - (4) The lessor must not act unreasonably in failing to agree.
 - (5) If the tenant attaches a fixture, or makes a structural change, to the premises without the lessor's agreement, the lessor may –
 - (a) take action for a breach of a term of this agreement; or
 - (b) waive the breach (that is, not take action for the breach) and treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the premises for the lessor's benefit (that is, treat it as belonging to the lessor, without having to pay the tenant for it).

29 Supply of locks and keys – s 210

- (1) The lessor must supply and maintain all locks necessary to ensure the premises are reasonably secure.
- (2) The lessor must give the tenant, or if there is more than 1 tenant, 1 of the tenants, a key for each lock that –

- (a) secures an entry to the premises; or
 - (b) secures a road or other place normally used to gain access to, or leave, the area or building in which the premises are situated; or
 - (c) is part of the premises.
- (3) If there is more than 1 tenant, the lessor must give the other tenants a key for the locks mentioned in subclause (2)(a) and (b).

30 Changing locks – ss 211 and 212

- (1) The lessor or the tenant may change locks if –
- (a) both agree to the change; or
 - (b) there is a tribunal order permitting the change; or
 - (c) there is a reasonable excuse for making the change.

Example of a reasonable excuse –

an emergency requiring the lock to be changed quickly

- (2) The lessor or tenant must not act unreasonably in failing to agree to the change of a lock.
- (3) If a lock is changed, the party changing it must give the other party a key for the changed lock unless –
- (a) a tribunal orders that a key not be given; or
 - (b) the other party agrees to not being given a key.

Subdivision 4 Damage and repairs**31 Meaning of emergency and routine repairs – ss 214 and 215**

- (1) **Emergency repairs** are works needed to repair any of the following –
- (a) a burst water service or serious water service leak;
 - (b) a blocked or broken lavatory system;
 - (c) a serious roof leak;
 - (d) a gas leak;
 - (e) a dangerous electrical fault;
 - (f) flooding or serious flood damage;
 - (g) serious storm, fire or impact damage;
 - (h) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises;
 - (i) a failure or breakdown of an essential service or appliance on the premises for hot water, cooking or heating;
 - (j) a fault or damage that makes the premises unsafe or insecure;
 - (k) a fault or damage likely to injure a person, damage property or unduly inconvenience a resident of the premises;
 - (l) a serious fault in a staircase, lift or other common area of the premises that unduly inconveniences a resident in gaining access to, or using, the premises.
- (2) **Routine repairs** are repairs other than emergency repairs.

32 Nominated repairer for emergency repairs – s 216

- (1) The lessor's nominated repairer for emergency repairs of a particular type may be stated either –
- (a) in this agreement for item 17; or
 - (b) in a notice given by the lessor to the tenant.
- (2) The nominated repairer is the tenant's first point of contact for notifying the need for emergency repairs.

33 Notice of damage – s 217

- (1) If the tenant knows the premises have been damaged, the tenant must give notice as soon as practicable of the damage.
- (2) If the premises need routine repairs, the notice must be given to the lessor.
- (3) If the premises need emergency repairs, the notice must be given to –
- (a) the nominated repairer for the repairs; or
 - (b) if there is no nominated repairer for the repairs or the repairer can not be contacted – the lessor.

34 Emergency repairs arranged by tenant – ss 218 and 219

- (1) The tenant may arrange for a suitably qualified person to make emergency repairs or apply to the tribunal under section 221 for orders about the repairs if –
- (a) the tenant has been unable to notify the lessor or nominated repairer of the need for emergency repairs of the premises; or
 - (b) the repairs are not made within a reasonable time after notice is given.

- (2) The maximum amount that may be incurred for emergency repairs arranged to be made by the tenant is an amount equal to the amount payable under this agreement for 2 weeks rent.

Note – For how the tenant may require reimbursement for the repairs, see sections 219(2) and (3) and 220 and the information statement.

Division 7 Restrictions on transfer or subletting by tenant**35 General – ss 238 and 240**

- (1) Subject to clause 36, the tenant may transfer all or a part of the tenant's interest under this agreement, or sublet the premises, only if the lessor agrees in writing or if the transfer or subletting is made under a tribunal order.
- (2) The lessor must act reasonably in failing to agree to the transfer or subletting.
- (3) The lessor is taken to act unreasonably in failing to agree to the transfer or subletting if the lessor acts in a capricious or retaliatory way.
- (4) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not require the tenant to pay, or accept from the tenant, an amount for the lessor's agreement to a transfer or subletting by the tenant, other than an amount for the reasonable expenses incurred by the lessor in agreeing to the transfer or subletting.

36 State assisted lessors or employees of lessor – s 237

- (1) This clause applies if the lessor is an entity receiving assistance from the State to supply rented accommodation or if the tenant's right to occupy the premises comes from the tenant's terms of employment.
- (2) The tenant may transfer the whole or part of the tenant's interest under this agreement, or sublet the premises, only if the lessor agrees in writing to the transfer or subletting.

Division 8 Relocation**37 Application of div 8**

This division applies if the premises are moveable dwelling premises in a moveable dwelling park.

38 Notice to relocate to another site – s 223

- (1) The lessor may give a notice (notice to relocate) to the tenant requiring the tenant to relocate the moveable dwelling to another site in the moveable dwelling park within a stated period only if –
- (a) either –
 - (i) the relocation is necessary to allow the carrying out of necessary or desirable work in the park or is because of an emergency or is for health or safety reasons; or
 - Examples of work that might be necessary or desirable – maintenance, repairs, upgrading and restoration*
 - (ii) the lessor is a home owner for the dwelling and the lessor must, under a site agreement under the *Manufactured Homes (Residential Parks) Act 2003*, reposition the moveable dwelling; and
 - (b) the other site is, as far as practicable, reasonably comparable to the site currently occupied by the tenant.
- (2) The notice must identify the other site and state the period and the reasons for the relocation.
- (3) If the relocation is because of an emergency or is for health or safety reasons, the period must be reasonable.
- (4) Otherwise, the period must be a reasonable period of at least 1 month stated in the notice to relocate.

39 Restriction against enforcing relocation – s 224

The lessor or the lessor's agent must not take any action to enforce the tenant's relocation under a notice to relocate unless the tenant agrees or a tribunal orders the tenant to relocate to the site mentioned in the notice.

40 Effect of relocation – s 225

If the tenant complies with the notice to relocate given to the tenant, the site for this agreement is taken to be the site to which the tenant relocates.

41 Costs and expenses of relocation – s 226

- (1) The reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the tenant in complying with the notice to relocate are payable to the tenant by the lessor.

- (2) The tribunal may, if the tenant applies, make an order requiring the lessor to pay the tenant the amount it considers the tenant is entitled to for the costs and expenses.

Division 9 When agreement ends

42 Ending of agreement – s 277

- (1) This agreement ends only if –
- the tenant and the lessor agree in writing; or
 - the lessor gives a notice to leave the premises to the tenant and the tenant hands over vacant possession of the premises to the lessor on or after the handover day; or
 - the tenant gives a notice of intention to leave the premises to the lessor and hands over vacant possession of the premises to the lessor on or after the handover day; or
 - a tribunal makes an order terminating this agreement; or
 - the tenant abandons the premises; or
 - after receiving a notice from a mortgagee under section 317, the tenant vacates, or is removed from, the premises.

Note – For when a notice to leave or a notice of intention to leave may be given and its effect and when an application for a termination order may be made to a tribunal, see the information statement.

- (2) Also, if a sole tenant dies, this agreement terminates in accordance with section 277(7) or (8).

Note – See the information statement for details.

43 Condition premises must be left in – s 188(4)

At the end of the tenancy, the tenant must leave the premises, as far as possible, in the same condition they were in at the start of the tenancy, fair wear and tear excepted.

Examples of what might be fair wear and tear –

- wear that happens during normal use
- changes that happen with ageing

44 Keys

At the end of the tenancy, the tenant must return to the lessor all keys for the premises.

45 Tenant's forwarding address – s 205(2)

- (1) When handing over possession of the premises, the tenant must, if the lessor or the lessor's agent asks the tenant in writing to state the tenant's new residential address, tell the lessor or the agent the tenant's new residential address.
- (2) However, subclause (1) does not apply if the tenant has a reasonable excuse for not telling the lessor or agent the new address.

46 Exit condition report – s 66

- (1) As soon as practicable after this agreement ends, the tenant must prepare, in the approved form, and sign a condition report for the premises and give 1 copy of the report to the lessor or the lessor's agent.

Examples of what might be as soon as practicable – when the tenant returns the keys to the premises to the lessor or the lessor's agent

Note – For the approved form for the condition report, see the information statement. The report may be very important in deciding who is entitled to a refund of the rental bond if there is a dispute about the condition of the premises.

- (2) The lessor or the lessor's agent must, within 3 business days after receiving the copy of the report –
- sign the copy; and
 - if the lessor or agent does not agree with the report – show the parts of the report the lessor or agent disagrees with by marking the copy in an appropriate way; and
 - if the tenant has given a forwarding address to the lessor or agent – make a copy of the report and return it to the tenant at the address.
- (3) The lessor or agent must keep a copy of the condition report signed by both parties for at least 1 year after this agreement ends.

47 Goods or documents left behind on premises – ss 363 and 364

- (1) The tenant must take all of the tenant's belongings from the premises at the end of the tenancy.
- (2) The lessor may not treat belongings left behind as the lessor's own property, but must deal with them under sections 363 and 364.

Note – For details of the lessor's obligations under sections 363 and 364, see the information statement. They may include an obligation to

store goods and may allow the lessor to sell goods and pay the net sale proceeds (after storage and selling costs) to the public trustee. Under section 363(3), there is a prescribed storage period of 3 months for a caravan, its contents and other goods used in occupying the caravan. For other goods the prescribed storage period is 1 month.

Division 10 Miscellaneous

48 Supply of goods and services – s 171

- (1) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not require the tenant to buy goods or services from the lessor or a person nominated by the lessor or agent.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to a requirement about a service charge.

Note – See section 164 for what is a service charge.

49 Lessor's agent

- (1) The name and address for service of the lessor's agent is stated in this agreement for item 3.
- (2) Unless a special term provides otherwise, the agent may –
- stand in the lessor's place in any application to a tribunal by the lessor or the tenant; or
 - do any thing else the lessor may do, or is required to do, under this agreement.

50 Notices

- (1) A notice under this agreement must be written and, if there is an approved form for the notice, in the approved form.

Note – See the information statement for a list of the approved forms.

- (2) A notice from the tenant to the lessor may be given to the lessor's agent.
- (3) A notice may be given to a party to this agreement or the lessor's agent –
- by giving it to the party or agent personally; or
 - if an address for service for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 – by leaving it at the address, sending it by prepaid post as a letter to the address; or
 - if a facsimile number for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 and item 4 indicates that a notice may be given by facsimile – by sending it by facsimile to the facsimile number in accordance with the *Electronic Transactions (Queensland) Act 2001*; or
 - if an email address for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 and item 4 indicates that a notice may be given by email – by sending it electronically to the email address in accordance with the *Electronic Transactions (Queensland) Act 2001*.
- (4) A party or the lessor's agent may withdraw his or her consent to notices being given to them by facsimile or email only by giving notice to each other party that notices are no longer to be given to the party or agent by facsimile or email.
- (5) If no address for service is stated in this agreement for item 2 for the tenant, the tenant's address for service is taken to be the address of the premises.
- (6) A party or the lessor's agent may change his or her address for service, facsimile number or email address only by giving notice to each other party of a new address for service, facsimile number or email address.
- (7) On the giving of a notice of a new address for service, facsimile number or email address for a party or the lessor's agent, the address for service, facsimile number or email address stated in the notice is taken to be the party's or agent's address for service, facsimile number or email address stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3.
- (8) Unless the contrary is proved –
- a notice left at an address for service is taken to have been received by the party to whom the address relates when the notice was left at the address; and
 - a notice sent by post is taken to have been received by the person to whom it was addressed when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post; and
 - a notice sent by facsimile is taken to have been received at the place where the facsimile was sent when the sender's facsimile machine produces a transmission report indicating all pages of the notice have been successfully sent; and
 - a notice sent by email is taken to have been received by the recipient when the email enters the recipient's email server.

Part 3 Special terms Insert any special terms here and/or attach a separate list if required. See clause 2(4) to 2(6)

Multiple horizontal lines for inserting special terms.

The tenant/s must receive a copy of the information statement (Form 17b) and a copy of any applicable park rules if copies have not previously been given to the tenant/s. **Do not send to the RTA—give this form to the tenant/s, keep a copy for your records.**

Signature of lessor/agent

Name/trading name

[Text box for Name/trading name]

Signature

[Text box for Signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

[Text box for Print name]

Witness signature

[Text box for Witness signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]

Signature of tenant 1

Print name

[Text box for Print name]

Signature

[Text box for Signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

[Text box for Print name]

Witness signature

[Text box for Witness signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]

Signature of tenant 2

Print name

[Text box for Print name]

Signature

[Text box for Signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

[Text box for Print name]

Witness signature

[Text box for Witness signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]

Signature of tenant 3

Print name

[Text box for Print name]

Signature

[Text box for Signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]

in the presence of (witness)

Print name

[Text box for Print name]

Witness signature

[Text box for Witness signature]

Date

[Text box for Date]